

Corporate Governance Statement

The Board of Directors (“the Board”) is responsible for the corporate governance of the Company. The Board guides and monitors the business and affairs of the Company on behalf of the shareholders by whom they are elected and to whom they are accountable.

This statement outlines the main Corporate Governance practices in place throughout the financial year, which comply with the ASX Corporate Governance Council’s Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations with 2014 Amendments 3rd edition unless otherwise stated.

Board of Directors

Role of the Board

The Board’s primary role is the protection and enhancement of long-term shareholder value.

To fulfil this role, the Board is responsible for the overall Corporate Governance of the entity including formulating its strategic direction, approving and monitoring capital expenditure, setting remuneration, appointing, removing and creating succession policies for Directors and senior executives, establishing and monitoring the achievement of management’s goals and ensuring the integrity of risk management, internal control legal compliance and management information systems. It is also responsible for approving and monitoring financial and other reporting. The Company has a board charter for review on its website and includes the roles, responsibilities, and accountability of the company secretary.

Board Processes

The Board has established an Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee. The Board has not established a Nomination Committee because of the limited size, nature and scope of operations of the Company, the Board itself undertakes these responsibilities. The Board has established a framework for the management of the Company including a system of internal control, a business risk management process and the establishment of appropriate ethical standards.

The full Board currently holds scheduled meetings each year and any extraordinary meetings at such other times as may be necessary to address any specific significant matters that may arise.

The agenda for meetings is prepared in conjunction with the Chairman (where applicable). Standing items include the financial reports, strategic matters, governance and compliance. Submissions are circulated in advance.

Director Education

The entity does not have a formal process to educate new Directors about the nature of the business, current issues, the corporate strategy and the expectations of the Company concerning performance of Directors, these matters are dealt with on an informal basis at present. However, when the Company expands its present business activities a formal process will be initiated to educate new and existing Directors on an ongoing basis.

Corporate Governance Statement (Cont'd)

Independent Professional Advice and Access to Company Information

Each Director has the right of access to all relevant Company information and, subject to prior consultation with the Chairman (if applicable), may seek independent professional advice from a suitably qualified adviser at the Company's expense. The Director must consult with an adviser suitably qualified in the relevant field, and obtain the Chairman's or other Independent Directors' approval of the fee payable for the advice before proceeding with the consultation. A copy of the advice received by the Director is made available to all other members of the Board.

Composition of the Board

The names of the Directors of the Company in office at the date of this report are set out in the Directors' Report.

The Board currently has a majority of independent Directors. Directors have been selected to bring specific skills and industry experience to the Company. The Board has an expansive range of relevant industry experience, financial, legal and other skills and expertise to meet its objectives. The current board composition includes two independent Directors and one non-independent Director.

The future composition of the Board is determined using the following principles:

- the Board should comprise not more than ten Directors and not less than three Directors. This number may be increased where it is felt that additional expertise is required in specific areas, or when an outstanding candidate materialises;
- a majority of Directors having extensive knowledge of the Company's industries, and those which do not, have extensive expertise in significant aspects of auditing and financial reporting, or risk management of large companies;
- the Chairman should not also be the Chief Executive Officer;
- the Board should comprise Directors with a broad range of expertise both nationally and internationally;
- Directors appointed by the Board are subject to election by shareholders at the following annual general meeting and thereafter Directors are subject to re-election at least every three years. The tenure for executive Directors is linked to their holding of executive office; and
- the Board assumes the role of Nomination Committee due to the size, nature and scope of the Company.

An independent Director is a Director who is not a member of management (a Non-Executive Director) and who:

- holds less than 5% of the voting shares of the Company and is not an officer of, or otherwise associated, directly or indirectly, with a shareholder of more than 5% of the voting shares of the Company;
- has not within the last three years been employed in an executive capacity by the Company or another Group member, or been a Director after ceasing to hold any such employment;
- within the last three years has not been a principal or employee of a material* professional adviser or a material* consultant to the Company or another Group member;
- is not a material* supplier or customer of the Company or another Group member, or an officer of or otherwise associated, directly or indirectly, with a material* supplier or customer;
- has no material* contractual relationship with the Company or another Group member other than as a Director of the Company;
- is free from any interest and any business or other relationship which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially* interfere with the Director's ability to act in the best interests of the Company.

Corporate Governance Statement (Cont'd)

The Board considers Mr Michael Edwards and Mr Giles Everist to be independent Directors and Mr Paul Ostergaard, as a member of management, to not be an independent Director. Therefore the majority of the Board is considered to be comprised of independent Directors.

* the Board considers 'material', in this context, to be where any Director-related business relationship has represented, or is likely in the future to represent the lesser of at least 10% of the relevant segment's or the Director-related business' revenue. The Board considered the nature of the relevant industries' competition, and the size and nature of each Director-related business relationship, in arriving at this threshold.

The Board maintains a skills matrix which indicates the mix of skills, experience and expertise that are considered necessary at Board level for optimal performance of the Board. The matrix reflects the Board's objective to have an appropriate mix of industry and professional experience including skills such as leadership, governance, strategy, finance, risk, relevant industry experience, HR, policy development, international business and marketing skills. External consultants may be brought in with specialist knowledge to address areas where this is an attribute deficiency in the Board.

Remuneration

The Board formed a Remuneration Committee despite the limited size and nature of the operations of the Company. The Remuneration Committee reviews remuneration packages and policies applicable to the Directors and employees. The Company has a documented Remuneration Committee charter, approved by the Board. The remuneration committee met once during the financial year.

The Remuneration Committee is also responsible for share option schemes, incentive performance packages, superannuation entitlements, retirement and termination entitlements, fringe benefits policies and professional indemnity and liability insurance policies none of which are applicable to the Company at the present time.

The total remuneration for all non-executive Directors, last voted upon by shareholders, is not to exceed \$310,000 per annum. The current remuneration for each non-executive Director is \$45,000 per annum. Non-executive Directors do not receive bonuses.

Remuneration Report

The Remuneration Report is set out above and forms part of the Directors' Report for the financial year ended 30 June 2020.

Audit Committee

The Board formed an Audit Committee despite the limited size and nature of the operations of the Company. The Company has a documented Audit Committee charter, approved by the Board. The external auditors and audit committee met twice during the financial year.

The Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary has declared in writing to the Board that the financial records of the Company for the financial year have been properly maintained, the Company's financial reports for the year ended 30 June 2020 comply with accounting standards and present a true and fair view of the Company's financial condition and operational results.

Corporate Governance Statement (Cont'd)

The responsibilities of the Audit Committee, also assumed by the Board include:

- reviewing the annual, half year concise financial reports and other financial information distributed externally. This includes approving new accounting policies to ensure compliance with Australian Accounting Standards and generally accepted accounting principles, and assessing whether the financial information is adequate for shareholder needs;
- assessing corporate risk assessment processes;
- reviewing the Company's policies and procedures for compliance with Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards;
- assessing whether non-audit services provided by the external auditor are consistent with maintaining the external auditor's independence. Each reporting period the external auditor provides an independence declaration in relation to the audit or review;
- providing advice to the Board in respect of whether the provision of the non-audit services by the external auditor is compatible with the general standard of independence of auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001;
- assessing the adequacy of the internal control framework and the Company's code of ethical standards;
- organising, reviewing and reporting on any special reviews deemed necessary by the Board;
- reviewing the nomination and performance of the external auditor;
- monitoring the procedures to ensure compliance with Corporations Act 2001 and the ASX Listing Rules and all other regulatory requirements; and
- addressing any matters outstanding with auditors, Australian Taxation Office, Australian Securities and Investments Commission, ASX and financial institutions.

The Audit Committee reviews the performance of the external auditors on an annual basis and normally meets with them during the year to:

- discuss the external audit plans, identifying any significant changes in structure, operations, internal controls or accounting policies likely to impact the financial statements and to review the fees proposed for the audit work to be performed;
- review the half yearly and annual financial report prior to lodgment with the ASX, and any significant adjustments required as a result of the auditor's findings, and to recommend Board approval of these documents, prior to announcement of results;
- review the draft annual and half year financial report, and recommend Board approval of the financial report; and
- review the results and findings of the auditor, the adequacy of accounting and financial controls, and to monitor the implementation of any recommendations made.

Nomination Committee

The Board assumes the role of the Nomination Committee because of the limited size and nature of the operations of the Company. The Company has a documented Nomination Committee charter, approved by the Board, and it is available on the company's website.

The Board's function as a Nomination Committee is to examine the selection and appointment practices of the Company.

The responsibilities of the Nomination Committee as assumed by the Board are given below.

Corporate Governance Statement (Cont'd)

Size and Composition of the Board

To ensure that the Board has the appropriate blend of directors with the necessary skills, expertise, relevant industry experience and diversity, the Board shall:

- regularly review the size and composition of the Board and consider any appropriate changes;
- identify and assess necessary and desirable Director skills and competencies and provide advice on the skills and competency levels of directors with a view to enhancing the Board;
- make recommendations on the appointment and removal of Directors;
- make recommendations on whether any Directors whose term of office is due to expire should be nominated for re-election;
- regularly review the time required from Non-Executive Directors and whether Non-Executive Directors are meeting that requirement;
- regularly review the Company's Diversity Policy and make decisions as to any strategies required to address Board diversity; and
- regularly review and consider and note the relative proportion of women and men at all levels of the economic group controlled by Company.

Selection Process of New Directors

The Board shall review the Company's Policy and Procedure for Selection and Appointment of Directors and the Company's Diversity Policy. Such procedure should be transparent to promote investor understanding and confidence in the process.

The Board is empowered to engage external consultants in its search for a new Director, particularly as a means to increase the presentation of candidates which meet the requirements and targets set pursuant to the Company's Diversity Policy.

The initial appointment of a new Director is made by the Board. The new Director will be required to stand for election at the Company's next general meeting.

Each Director and senior executive is required to enter into a written agreement with the Company which sets out the terms of their appointment.

Corporate Governance Statement (Cont'd)

Performance Appraisal

The Board shall:

- develop a process for evaluation of the performance of the Board, Board committees (if any), and when deemed appropriate by the Chair, individual Board members in accordance with the Company's Process for Performance Evaluation;
- implement ways of enhancing the competency levels of Directors;
- consider and articulate the time required by Board members in discharging their duties efficiently;
- undertake continual assessment of Directors as to whether they have devoted sufficient time in fulfilling their duties as Directors;
- develop a process for, and carry out, an evaluation of the performance of the Managing Director and other senior executives in accordance with the Company's Process for Performance Evaluation;
- review and implement the Company's induction program;
- ensure new Directors participate in the induction program; and
- provide all Directors with access to ongoing education relevant to their position in the Company, including education concerning key developments in the Company and in the industry and environment within which it operates.

Risk Management

Oversight of the Risk Management System

The Board has implemented a risk management system for assessing, monitoring and managing operational, financial reporting, and compliance risks for the Company. Because of the limited size and scope of the Company's operations, management determines the Company's risk profile and is responsible for overseeing and approving risk management strategy and policies, internal compliance and internal control. The Board assesses the financial reporting risk management and associated compliance and controls on an ongoing basis. The operational and other risk management compliance and controls are also assessed on an ongoing basis. All risk assessments covered the whole financial year and the period up to the signing of the annual financial report for all material operations in the group. The responsibility for undertaking and assessing risk management and internal control effectiveness is delegated to management. Management is required by the Board to report back (at least annually) on the efficiency and effectiveness of risk management, inter alia, by benchmarking the Company's performance against industry standards. Given the present size of the Company, these assessments are reviewed by the Board as a whole and not through a separate internal audit function.

Risk Profile

The risk management program is aimed at ensuring risks are identified, assessed and appropriately managed. Major risks for the entity arise from such matters as actions by competitors, government policy changes, information technology security, supplier relationships, occupational health and safety, financial reporting, consumer and industry trends and the purchase, development and use of information systems and communication technology.

Corporate Governance Statement (Cont'd)

Financial risk exposures arise in the course of the day-to-day operating activities of the entity, largely due to cash flow and interest rate movements. The primary objective of financial exposure management is to reduce the volatility of cash flows and asset values arising from such movements. The cash funds invested by the Company are generally in short term investments with Australian banks.

Risk Management and Compliance and Control

The Board is responsible for the overall internal control framework, but recognises that no cost effective internal control system will preclude all errors and irregularities. The Board's policy on internal controls is comprehensive and comprises the Company's internal compliance and control systems, including:

- financial reporting – there is a budgeting system with an annual budget approved by the Directors. Monthly actual results are reported against budget and revised forecasts for the year are prepared regularly. The entity reports to shareholders half yearly;
- continuous disclosure – the entity has a policy that all shareholders and investors have equal access to the Company's information and has procedures to ensure that all price sensitive information is disclosed to the ASX in accordance with the continuous disclosure requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and ASX Listing Rules;
- a comprehensive process is in place to identify matters that may have a material effect on the price of the Company's securities and notify them to the Board;
- the Company Secretary is responsible for interpreting the Company's policy and where necessary informing the Board;
- the Company Secretary is responsible for all communications with the ASX; and
- investment appraisal – the entity has clearly defined guidelines for capital expenditure. These include detailed appraisal and review procedures, levels of authority and due diligence requirements where businesses are being acquired or divested.

Comprehensive practices have been established to ensure:

- capital expenditure and revenue commitments above a certain size obtain prior Board approval;
- business transactions are properly authorised and executed; and
- financial reporting accuracy and compliance with the financial reporting regulatory framework.

Financial Reporting

The Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary has declared, in writing to the Board that the Company's financial reports are founded on a sound system of risk management and internal compliance and control which implements the policies adopted by the Board. Budgets and revised forecasts for the year are prepared regularly.

Assessment of Effectiveness of Risk Management

The Board ensures compliance of the internal controls and risk management programs by reviewing the effectiveness of the compliance and control systems.

Corporate Governance Statement (Cont'd)

Ethical Standards

All Directors, executives and employees are expected to act with the utmost integrity and objectivity, striving at all times to enhance the reputation and performance of the entity. The Board reviews the Ethical Standards policy regularly and processes are in place to promote and communicate these policies.

Conflict of Interest

Directors must keep the Board advised, on an ongoing basis, of any interest that could potentially conflict with those of the Company. The Board has developed procedures to assist Directors to disclose potential conflicts of interest.

Where the Board believes that a significant conflict exists for a Director on a Board matter, the Director concerned is not present at the meeting whilst the item is considered. Details of Director - related entity transactions with the entity are set out in note 23.

Code of Conduct

The entity has advised each Director, executive and employee that they must comply with the Ethics Standards policy. The policy covers the following:

- aligning the behaviour of the Board and management with the code of conduct by maintaining appropriate core Company values and objectives;
- fulfilling responsibilities to shareholders by delivering shareholder value;
- usefulness of financial information by maintaining appropriate accounting policies and practices and disclosure;
- employment practices such as occupational health and safety, employment opportunity, the level and structure of remuneration, and conflict resolution;
- responsibilities to the community, such as environmental protection policies, supporting the community activities, sponsorships and donations;
- responsibilities to the individual, such as privacy, use of privileged or confidential information, and conflict resolution;
- compliance with legislation including policies on legal compliance in countries where the legal systems and protocols are significantly lower than Australia's;
- conflicts of interest;
- corporate opportunities such as preventing Directors and key executives from taking advantage of property, information or position for personal gain;
- confidentiality of corporate information;
- fair dealing;
- protection and proper use of Company's assets;
- compliance with laws; and
- reporting of unethical behaviour.

Corporate Governance Statement (Cont'd)

Trading in General Company Securities by Directors and Employees

The key elements of the Securities Trading Policy set out are:

- identification of those restricted from trading – Directors and employees may acquire shares in the Company, but are prohibited from dealing in Company shares or exercising options;
 - during any closed period (that is five days immediately prior to the release of the preliminary announcement of the Company's annual or half year results and one day after the announcement); and
 - whilst in possession of price sensitive information not yet released to the market;
- raising the awareness of legal prohibitions including transactions with colleagues and external advisers;
- requiring details to be provided of intended trading in the Company's shares; and
- requiring details to be provided of the subsequent confirmation of the trade.

The policy also details the insider trading provisions of the Corporations Act 2001 and is reproduced in full on the Company's website and in the Group's announcements provided to the ASX.

Communication with Shareholders

The Board provides shareholders with information using a comprehensive Continuous Disclosure policy which includes identifying matters that may have a material effect on the price of the Company's securities, notifying them to the ASX, posting them on the Company's website and issuing media releases.

In summary, the Continuous Disclosure policy operates as follows:

- the Company Secretary is responsible for interpreting the Company's policy and where necessary informing the Board. The Company Secretary is responsible for all communications with the ASX. Such matters are advised to the ASX on the day they are discovered, and all senior executives must follow a continuous disclosure discovery process, which involves monitoring all areas of the entity's internal and external environment;
- the annual financial report is provided to all shareholders on the Company's website via a link to the ASX announcements website (unless a shareholder has specifically requested to receive a physical copy), including relevant information about the operations of the entity during the year, changes in the state of affairs of the entity and details of future developments;
- the half yearly report contains summarised financial information and a review of the operations of the entity during the period. The half year reviewed financial report is lodged with the ASX, and sent to any shareholder who requests it;
- proposed major changes in the entity which may impact on share ownership rights are submitted to a vote of shareholders;
- notices of all meetings of shareholders; and
- the external auditor attends the annual general meetings to answer any questions concerning the conduct of the audit, the preparation and content of the auditor's report, the compliance of accounting policies adopted by the Company and the independence of the auditor in relation to the conduct of the audit.

Corporate Governance Statement (Cont'd)

All of the above information, including that of the previous three years, is made available on the Company's website via a link to the ASX announcements website immediately upon public release, and available to all shareholders who lodge their contact details with the Company.

Shareholders have the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the Company and its security registry electronically either through contacting the Company via its website or contacting the security registry directly.

The Board encourages full participation of shareholders at the annual general meeting, to ensure a high level of accountability and identification with the entity's strategy and goals. Important issues are presented to the shareholders as single resolutions.

The shareholders are requested to vote on the appointment and aggregate remuneration of Directors, the granting of options and shares to Directors, the remuneration report and changes to the constitution. Copies of the constitution are available to any shareholder who requests it.

Gender Diversity

The Company has not adopted an express policy specifically addressing achievement of gender diversity. Due to the current limited size of the Board, the Board does not consider it necessary to have a gender diversity policy but will consider adopting a policy in the future. Furthermore, the Company has not set any objectives for achieving gender diversity. Should a gender diversity policy be considered appropriate for the Company in the future due to increases in size of the organisation, the policy will specifically deal with the objectives for achieving diversity.

The Company's corporate code of conduct provides a framework for undertaking ethical conduct in employment. Under the corporate code of conduct, the Company will not tolerate any form of discrimination or harassment in the workplace.

The Company currently has no female board members, and two female employees.

Corporate Governance Statement (Cont'd)

ASX Principals of Good Corporate Governance

The Board has reviewed its current practices in light of the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations with 2014 Amendments 3rd edition with a view to making amendments where applicable after considering the Company's size and the resources it has available.

As the Company's activities develop in size, nature and scope, the size of the Board and the implementation of any additional formal corporate governance committees will be given further consideration.

The following table sets out the ASX Corporate Governance Guidelines with which the Company does not comply:

ASX Principle		Reference/comment
Principle 1: Lay solid foundations for management and oversight		
1.5	The Board should establish a diversity policy	The Company has not adopted an express policy specifically addressing achievement of gender diversity. Due to the current limited size of the Board, the Board does not consider it necessary to have a gender diversity policy but will consider adopting a policy in the future. Furthermore, the Company has not set any objectives for achieving gender diversity. Should a gender diversity policy be considered appropriate for the Company in the future due to increases in size of the organisation, the policy will specifically deal with the objectives for achieving diversity. The Company's corporate code of conduct provides a framework for undertaking ethical conduct in employment. Under the corporate code of conduct, the Company will not tolerate any form of discrimination or harassment in the workplace.
Principle 2: Structure the Board to add value		
2.1	The Board should establish a nomination committee	Given the size of the Board there is no formal nomination committee. Acting in its ordinary capacity from time to time as required, the Board carries out the process of determining the need for, screening and appointing new Directors. In view of the size and resources available to the Company, it is not considered that a separate nomination committee would add any substance to this process.
Principle 7: Recognise and manage risk		
7.1-2	The Board should establish an risk committee	The Company does not have a Risk Committee. The Board believes that, with only three Directors on the Board, the Board itself is the appropriate forum to deal with this function. The board continuously reviews and addresses risk facing the Company.